EXHIBIT 15

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

In re

CUSTOMS AND TAX ADMINISTRATION OF THE KINGDOM OF DENMARK (SKAT) TAX REFUND LITIGATION

This paper applies to: 19-cv-01808

Case No. 18-MD-2865-LAK

Honorable Lewis A. Kaplan

ANSWER AND COUNTERCLAIMS

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

Defendants PAB Facilities Global LLC Roth 401(K) Plan ("PAB") and Perry Lerner ("Lerner") (collectively, the "Lerner Defendants"), by and through their attorneys Kaplan Rice LLP, hereby answer and assert affirmative defenses, other defenses and counterclaims as follows to the April 20, 2020 amended complaint of plaintiff Skatteforvaltningen ("SKAT") (the "Amended Complaint"). The Lerner Defendants deny each and every allegation in the Amended Complaint except as specifically admitted or responded to as follows. The paragraphs that follow align with the numbered paragraphs in the Amended Complaint, and the counterclaims are asserted thereafter.

I. INTRODUCTION

- 1. The Lerner Defendants deny knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 1.
- 2. Paragraph 2 of the Amended Complaint states legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, the Lerner Defendants deny the allegations as to themselves. For the allegations in Paragraph 2 against others, no response is required.
- 3. Paragraph 3 of the Amended Complaint states legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, the Lerner Defendants deny the

allegations as to themselves. For the allegations in Paragraph 3 against others, no response is required.

- 4. Paragraph 4 of the Amended Complaint states legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, the Lerner Defendants deny the allegations as to themselves. For the allegations in Paragraph 4 against others, no response is required.
- 5. Paragraph 5 of the Amended Complaint states legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, the Lerner Defendants deny the allegations as to themselves. For the allegations in Paragraph 5 against others, no response is required.
- 6. Paragraph 6 of the Amended Complaint states legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, the Lerner Defendants deny the allegations as to themselves. For the allegations in Paragraph 6 against others, no response is required.
- 7. Paragraph 7 of the Amended Complaint states legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, the Lerner Defendants deny the allegations as to themselves. For the allegations in Paragraph 7 against others, no response is required.
- 8. The Lerner Defendants deny knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 8 of the Amended Complaint and deny the implied allegations that they participated in a fraudulent scheme.
- 9. Paragraph 9 of the Amended Complaint and its subparagraphs state legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, the Lerner

Defendants deny the allegations as to themselves. For the allegations in Paragraph 9 against others, no response is required.

- 10. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 10 of the Amended Complaint as to themselves. For the allegations in Paragraph 10 against others, no response is required.
- 11. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 11 of the Amended Complaint that they participated in a fraud. For the allegations in Paragraph 11 against others, no response is required.
- 12. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 12 of the Amended Complaint that they participated in a fraud. For the allegations in Paragraph 12 against others, no response is required.
- 13. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 13 of the Amended Complaint that they participated in a fraudulent scheme. For the allegations in Paragraph 13 against others, no response is required.

II. <u>JURISDICTION & VENUE</u>

- 14. Paragraph 14 of the Amended Complaint states legal conclusions to which no response is required.
- 15. Paragraph 15 of the Amended Complaint states legal conclusions to which no response is required.

III. PARTIES

16. The Lerner Defendants deny knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 16 of the Amended Complaint.

- 17. The Lerner Defendants admit the allegations set forth in Paragraph 17 of the Amended Complaint except deny the implication that PAB was not a bona fide pension plan.
- 18. The Lerner Defendants admit the allegations in Paragraph 18 of the Amended complaint that Lerner is a citizen of a State of the United States and was the sole participant in PAB. The Lerner Defendants deny knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations.
- 19. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 19 of the Amended Complaint that they made fraudulent refund claims. For the allegations in Paragraph 19 against others, no response is required.
- 20. As Paragraph 20 of the Amended Complaint does not contain allegations concerning the Lerner Defendants, no response is required.
- 21. As Paragraph 21 of the Amended Complaint does not contain allegations concerning the Lerner Defendants, no response is required.
- 22. The first sentence of Paragraph 22 of the Amended Complaint states legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response to that sentence is required, the Lerner Defendants deny knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in that sentence of Paragraph 22. For the allegations in Paragraph 22 against others, no response is required.
- 23. The first sentence of Paragraph 23 of the Amended Complaint states legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, the Lerner Defendants deny knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief the truth of the allegations in that sentence of Paragraph 23. For the allegations in Paragraph 23 against others, no response is required.

IV.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

A. The Danish Withholding Tax System

- 24. The Lerner Defendants deny knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 24 of the Amended Complaint.
- 25. Paragraph 25 of the Amended Complaint states legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, the Lerner Defendants refer the Court to section 65 of the Danish Withholding Tax Act for a complete and accurate statement of its contents.
- 26. Paragraph 26 of the Amended Complaint states legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, the Lerner Defendants refer the Court to the double taxation treaty between Denmark and the shareholder's country of residence for a complete and accurate statement of its contents.
- 27. Paragraph 27 of the Amended Complaint states legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, the Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 27 as to themselves and refer the Court to the double taxation treaty between Denmark and the United States and section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code for a complete and accurate statement of their contents.
- 28. The Lerner Defendants deny knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 28 of the Amended Complaint, except state, upon information and belief, that PAB was a qualified pension plan.
- 29. As Paragraph 29 of the Amended Complaint does not contain allegations concerning the Lerner Defendants, no response is required.

B. The Fraudulent Scheme

30. The Lerner Defendants deny knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 30 of the Amended Complaint as to what SKAT knew or did and deny that the Lerner Defendants participated in a fraudulent scheme.

1. The Fraudulent Refund Claims Process

- 31. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 31 of the Amended Complaint that they participated in a fraudulent scheme and deny knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 31 of the Amended Complaint concerning Payment Agents.
- 32. The Lerner Defendants state that PAB received payments and deny knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations in Paragraph 32 of the Amended Complaint concerning Payment Agents or SKAT.
- 33. The Lerner Defendants deny knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 33 of the Amended Complaint and each of its subparagraphs and refer the Court to the documents referred to in Paragraph 33 and each of its subparagraphs for a complete and accurate statement of their contents.
- 34. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegation in Paragraph 34 of the Amended Complaint that they participated in a fraudulent scheme and deny knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations concerning the refund applications or statement from the IRS and state, upon information and belief, that PAB was a qualified pension plan and refer the Court to the documents cited. For the remaining allegations in Paragraph 34 against others, no response is required.
 - 35. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 35 of the Amended

Complaint that they participated in a fraudulent scheme. For the allegations in Paragraph 35 against others, no response is required.

- 36. The Lerner Defendants deny knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 36 of the Amended Complaint.
- 37. The Lerner Defendants deny knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 37 of the Amended Complaint.

2. The Role of the Claimants

- 38. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegation in Paragraph 38 of the Amended Complaint that they participated in a fraudulent scheme and deny knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to what SKAT has determined. For the allegations in Paragraph 38 against others, no response is required.
 - 39. *See* the Lerner Defendants' answer to Paragraph 33.
- 40. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 40 of the Amended Complaint that they participated in a fraudulent scheme and deny knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations in Paragraph 40.
- 41. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 41 of the Amended Complaint that they participated in a fraudulent scheme. For the allegations in Paragraph 41 against others, no response is required.
- 42. The Lerner Defendants deny knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 42 of the Amended Complaint.
- 43. The Lerner Defendants deny the implied allegation in Paragraph 43 of the Amended Complaint that they participated in a fraudulent scheme.
 - 44. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 44 of the Amended

Complaint that they participated in a fraudulent scheme, deny knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations concerning the refund claims submitted to SKAT and refer the Court to section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and the double taxation treaty between Denmark and the United States referenced in Paragraph 44 for a complete and accurate statement of their contents. The Lerner Defendants also state, upon information and belief, that PAB was a qualified pension plan.

- 45. Paragraph 45 of the Amended Complaint states legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, the Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 45 of the Amended Complaint that they participated in a fraudulent scheme, state, upon information and belief, that PAB was a qualified pension plan, and refer the Court to section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code for a complete and accurate statement of its contents.
- 46. Paragraph 46 of the Amended Complaint states legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, the Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 46 of the Amended Complaint that they participated in a fraudulent scheme and state, upon information and belief, that PAB was a qualified pension plan. For the allegations in Paragraph 46 against others, no response is required.
- 47. Paragraph 47 of the Amended Complaint states legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, the Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 47 that they participated in a fraudulent scheme and state, upon information and belief, that PAB was a qualified pension plan.
- 48. Paragraph 48 of the Amended Complaint states legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, the Lerner Defendants deny the

allegations in Paragraph 48 that they participated in a fraudulent scheme, state, upon information and belief, that PAB was a qualified pension plan, and refer the Court to section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code referenced in Paragraph 48 for a complete and accurate statement of its contents.

- 49. Paragraph 49 of the Amended Complaint states legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, the Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 49 that they participated in a fraudulent scheme, and refer the Court to the double taxation treaty between Denmark and the United States referenced in Paragraph 49 for a complete and accurate statement of its contents.
- 50. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 50 of the Amended Complaint that they participated in a fraudulent scheme, state that PAB received payments and deny knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations in Paragraph 50.
- 51. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 51 of the Amended Complaint that they participated in a fraudulent scheme except state, upon information and belief, that Lerner was the sole participant of five pension plans, including PAB.

3. The Role of the Partner Defendants

- 52. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 52 of the Amended Complaint that they participated in a fraudulent scheme. For the allegations in Paragraph 52 against others, no response is required.
- 53. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 53 of the Amended Complaint that they participated in a fraudulent scheme, state, upon information and belief, that

PAB retained a small portion of the refunds and deny knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations in Paragraph 53.

- 54. The Lerner Defendants state that PAB received payments, except deny knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 54 of the Amended Complaint. For the allegations in Paragraph 54 against others, no response is required.
- 55. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 55 of the Amended Complaint that they participated in a fraudulent scheme. For the allegations in Paragraph 55 against others, no response is required.
- 56. As Paragraph 56 of the Amended Complaint does not contain allegations concerning the Lerner Defendants, no response is required.
- 57. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 57 of the Amended Complaint that they submitted fraudulent reclaims. For the allegations in Paragraph 57 against others, no response is required.
- 58. As Paragraph 58 of the Amended Complaint does not contain allegations concerning the Lerner Defendants, no response is required.
- 59. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 59 of the Amended Complaint that they submitted fraudulent reclaims. For the allegations in Paragraph 59 against others, no response is required.
- 60. As Paragraph 60 of the Amended Complaint does not contain allegations concerning the Lerner Defendants, no response is required.
- 61. As Paragraph 61 of the Amended Complaint does not contain allegations concerning the Lerner Defendants, no response is required.

62. As Paragraph 62 of the Amended Complaint does not contain allegations concerning the Lerner Defendants, no response is required.

4. The Role of the Claimants' Authorized Representatives

- 63. The Lerner Defendants deny knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 63 of the Amended Complaint and refer the Court to the Power of Attorney for a complete and accurate statement of its contents.
 - 64. See the Lerner Defendants' answer to Paragraph 63.
- 65. Paragraph 65 of the Amended Complaint states legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, the Lerner Defendants deny knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 65.
- 66. The Lerner Defendants deny knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 66 of the Amended Complaint.
- 67. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 67 of the Amended Complaint that they participated in a fraudulent scheme. For the allegations in Paragraph 67 against others, no response is required.
- 68. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 68 of the Amended Complaint as to themselves, refer the Court to the double taxation treaty between Denmark and the United States for a complete and accurate statement of its contents, and state, upon information and belief, that PAB was a qualified pension plan. For the allegations in Paragraph 68 against others, no response is required.
- 69. As Paragraph 69 of the Amended Complaint does not contain allegations concerning the Lerner Defendants, no response is required.

- 70. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 70 of the Amended Complaint that they participated in a fraudulent scheme. For the allegations in Paragraph 70 against others, no response is required.
- 71. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 71 of the Amended Complaint that they participated in a fraudulent scheme. For the allegations in Paragraph 71 against others, no response is required.

5. The Role of the Payment Agents

- 72. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 72 of the Amended Complaint that they participated in a fraudulent scheme. For the allegations in Paragraph 72 against others, no response is required.
- 73. Paragraph 73 of the Amended Complaint states legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, the Lerner Defendants deny knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 73 and refer to the Power of Attorney for a complete and accurate statement of its contents.
- 74. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 74 of the Amended Complaint that they participated in a fraudulent scheme, state, upon information and belief, that PAB was a qualified pension plan, and deny knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations concerning the documentation submitted by the Payment Agents. For the allegations in Paragraph 74 against others, no response is required.
- 75. The Lerner Defendants deny knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 75 of the Amended Complaint and each of its subparagraphs concerning the documentation submitted by the Payment Agents.

76. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 76 of the Amended Complaint that they participated in a fraudulent scheme, and deny knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 76 concerning the submission to SKAT or distributions by the Payment Agents.

6. The Role of the Broker-Custodians

- 77. The Lerner Defendants deny knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 77 of the Amended Complaint.
- 78. The Lerner Defendants deny knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 78 of the Amended Complaint and its subparagraphs and refer the Court to the Dividend Credit Advice for a complete and accurate statement of its contents.
- 79. Paragraph 79 of the Amended Complaint states legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, the Lerner Defendants deny allegations in Paragraph 79 of the Amended Complaint and state, upon information and belief, that PAB was a qualified pension plan.

CAUSES OF ACTION

COUNT I

(Fraud – Against Defendants PAB, Lerner, Klugman, Markowitz, RAK, and Routt)

- 80. The Lerner Defendants repeat and reallege their answers to paragraphs 1 through 79 as if set forth fully herein.
- 81. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 81 of the Amended Complaint as to themselves. For the allegations in Paragraph 81 against others, no response is required.

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- 82. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 82 of the Amended Complaint as to themselves. For the allegations in Paragraph 82 against others, no response is required.
- 83. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 83 of the Amended Complaint as to themselves. For the allegations in Paragraph 83 against others, no response is required.
- 84. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 84 of the Amended Complaint as to themselves. For the allegations in Paragraph 84 against others, no response is required.

COUNT II (Aiding and Abetting Fraud – Against All Defendants)

- 85. The Lerner Defendants repeat and reallege their answers to paragraphs 1 through 84 as if set forth fully herein.
- 86. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 86 of the Amended Complaint as to themselves. For the allegations in Paragraph 86 against others, no response is required.
- 87. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 87 of the Amended Complaint as to themselves. For the allegations in Paragraph 87 against others, no response is required.
- 88. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 88 of the Amended Complaint as to themselves. For the allegations in Paragraph 88 against others, no response is required.

- 89. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 89 of the Amended Complaint as to themselves. For the allegations in Paragraph 89 against others, no response is required.
- 90. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 90 of the Amended Complaint as to themselves. For the allegations in Paragraph 90 against others, no response is required.
- 91. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 91 of the Amended Complaint as to themselves. For the allegations in Paragraph 91 against others, no response is required.

COUNT III (Payment By Mistake – Against All Defendants)

- 92. The Lerner Defendants repeat and reallege their answers to paragraphs 1 through 91 as if set forth fully herein.
- 93. As Paragraph 93 of the Amended Complaint does not contain allegations concerning the Lerner Defendants, no response is required.
- 94. As Paragraph 94 of the Amended Complaint does not contain allegations concerning the Lerner Defendants, no response is required.
- 95. As Paragraph 95 of the Amended Complaint does not contain allegations concerning the Lerner Defendants, no response is required.
- 96. As Paragraph 96 of the Amended Complaint does not contain allegations concerning the Lerner Defendants, no response is required.
- 97. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 97 of the Amended Complaint as to themselves. For the allegations in Paragraph 97 against others, no response is required.

<u>COUNT IV</u> (Unjust Enrichment – Against All Defendants)

- 98. The Lerner Defendants repeat and reallege their answers to paragraphs 1 through 97 as if set forth fully herein.
- 99. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 99 of the Amended Complaint as to themselves. For the allegations in Paragraph 99 against others, no response is required.
- 100. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 100 of the Amended Complaint as to themselves. For the allegations in Paragraph 100 against others, no response is required.
- 101. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 101 of the Amended Complaint as to themselves. For the allegations in Paragraph 101 against others, no response is required.
- 102. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 102 of the Amended Complaint as to themselves. For the allegations in Paragraph 102 against others, no response is required.

COUNT V(Money Had & Received – Against All Defendants)

- 103. The Lerner Defendants repeat and reallege their answers to paragraphs 1 through 102 as if set forth fully herein.
- 104. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 104 of the Amended Complaint as to themselves. For the allegations in Paragraph 104 against others, no response is required.

105. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 105 of the Amended Complaint as to themselves. For the allegations in Paragraph 105 against others, no response is required.

COUNT VI

(Negligent Misrepresentation – Against Defendants PAB, Lerner, Klugman, Markowitz, RAK and Routt)

- 106. The Lerner Defendants repeat and reallege their answers to paragraphs 1 through 105 as if set forth fully herein.
- 107. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 107 of the Amended Complaint as to themselves. For the allegations in Paragraph 107 against others, no response is required.
- 108. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations set forth in Paragraph 108 of the Amended Complaint as to themselves. For the allegations in Paragraph 108 against others, no response is required.
- 109. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 109 of the Amended Complaint as to themselves. For the allegations in Paragraph 109 against others, no response is required.
- 110. The Lerner Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 110 of the Amended Complaint as to themselves. For the allegations in Paragraph 110 against others, no response is required.

REQUEST FOR RELIEF

The allegations set forth in the "WHEREFORE" clause constitute SKAT's request for relief to which no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, the Lerner Defendants deny that SKAT is entitled to the relief requested, or any other relief.

JURY DEMAND

The Lerner Defendants demand a trial by jury on all issues so triable.

AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff fails to state a claim upon which relief can be granted.

SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, by the applicable statute of limitations.

THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, by the doctrines of unclean hands, laches, waiver, and estoppel.

FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, because Plaintiff has failed to join necessary and indispensable parties.

FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, due to Plaintiff's failure to exhaust its administrative or other legal remedies available to it.

SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, because any and all purported damages are the result of Plaintiff's conduct, including but not limited to: negligence, contributory negligence, assumption of risk, and wrongful or unauthorized acts.

SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, because it lacks standing to assert claims on behalf of the sovereign.

EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, because the subject matter of this Amended Complaint is the subject of pending legal proceedings in another jurisdiction.

NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, because Plaintiff has failed to mitigate its alleged damages.

TENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, by the doctrine of res judicata.

ELEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, to the extent that such purported damages have or will be paid or indemnified by a collateral source.

TWELFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's claims against the Lerner Defendants are barred, in whole or in part, because any purported loss, damages or injuries were caused, in whole or in part, by the negligence, assumption of risk, fault of other culpable parties and/or third parties to this action, other than the Lerner Defendants, for whose acts, omissions or breaches of legal duty the Lerner Defendants are not liable.

THIRTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, and any recovery by Plaintiff should be reduced by application of New York General Obligations Law § 15-108.

FOURTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, by collateral estoppel.

FIFTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The court lacks subject matter jurisdiction to hear this action.

SIXTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, by waiver and release.

SEVENTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The claims alleged in the Amended Complaint are barred by the long-standing doctrine of the Revenue Rule, which prohibits one sovereign from using courts of another sovereign to enforce its revenue laws.

EIGHTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The Amended Complaint fails to plead fraud with the adequate degree of specificity and particularity.

NINETEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Defendants hereby adopt and incorporate by reference any and all other legally valid defenses to be asserted by any other defendant in this action to the extent they are applicable to Defendants.

TWENTIETH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The recovery by SKAT, if any, should be barred because the subject matter of this lawsuit is the subject matter of another pending legal or administrative proceeding.

TWENTY-FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The Lerner Defendants reserve the right to add or amend these Affirmative Defenses based on information that may become known during the course of discovery.

THE PAB FACILITIES GLOBAL LLC ROTH 401(K) PLAN'S COUNTERCLAIMS AGAINST THE CUSTOMS AND TAX ADMINISTRATION OF THE KINGDOM OF DENMARK

Pursuant to Rule 13 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Defendant/Counterclaim-Plaintiff PAB Facilities Global LLC Roth 401(K) Plan (the "PAB Plan") brings the following counterclaims against Plaintiff/Counterclaim-Defendant Skatteforvaltningen ("SKAT") based on its refusal to reimburse the PAB Plan for the dividend-withholding tax owed pursuant to the double-taxation treaty between Denmark and the United States. By bringing these counterclaims, the PAB Plan does not waive any arguments in support of dismissal of this action or in the collateral proceedings in Denmark.

As set forth more fully below, SKAT refuses to refund dividend-withholding tax to the PAB Plan despite SKAT's prior course of conduct and its own policies, practices and procedures – and in clear contravention of the U.S.-Denmark Tax Treaty. Thus, as and for its counterclaims against SKAT, the PAB Plan allege as follows:

PARTIES

- 1. The PAB Plan is a pension, profit sharing, or stock bonus plan qualified under section 401(a) of the United States Internal Revenue Code, exempt from taxation under section 501(a) of the United States Internal Revenue Code, and resident of the United States of America for purposes of U.S. taxation. The PAB Plan lists its address in the state of New York.
- 2. At all relevant times herein, SKAT was the Danish government agency charged with the assessment and collection of Danish taxes.

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Convention and Protocol Amending the Convention between the United States and Denmark for the Avoidance of Double Taxation and the Prevention of Fiscal Evasion with Respect to Taxes on Income, U.S.-Den., art. 10 (3)(c) and 22(2)(e), May 6, 1948, Treaty Doc. No. 106-12 (effective date Jan. 1, 2001) (the "U.S.-Denmark Tax Treaty").

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 3. The Court has subject-matter jurisdiction over these counterclaims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332 because the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000, exclusive of interest and costs, and because the civil action is between a foreign state and U.S. citizens.
- 4. The Court has supplemental jurisdiction over these counterclaims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367 because the counterclaims form part of the same case or controversy as SKAT's claims.
- 5. The Court has personal jurisdiction over SKAT pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1605 and 1607 because SKAT has waived its sovereign immunity, if any, and because these counterclaims arise out of the transactions and occurrences set forth in SKAT's Amended Complaint.
- 6. These counterclaims are properly venued for purposes of trial in the United States
 District Court for the Southern District of New York because the factual allegations set forth in
 these counterclaims arise out of the same transactions and occurrences set forth in SKAT's
 Amended Complaint.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

- A. Pursuant to the U.S.-Denmark Tax Treaty, a U.S. pension plan that receives a dividend on shares of a Danish company is entitled to 100% of the dividend.
- 7. At all relevant times herein, Danish law required Danish companies to withhold and report to SKAT 27% of the dividends Danish companies distribute to their respective shareholders.
- 8. Pursuant to the U.S.-Denmark Tax Treaty, Denmark cannot tax dividends paid to a U.S. pension plan by a Danish company.

- 9. At all relevant times, SKAT served the Danish government as the agency responsible for refunding dividend-withholding taxes, including refunds of dividend-withholding taxes owed to U.S. pension plans.
 - B. Until 2015, SKAT paid dividend-withholding tax refund claims that included the required supporting documentation, including claims made on behalf of the PAB Plan.
- 10. SKAT created the process by which U.S. pension plans could apply for a refund of dividend-withholding taxes.
- 11. Pursuant to that process, SKAT paid dividend-withholding tax claims that included the following supporting documentation (the "Supporting Documentation"):
 - a. Form 06.003, entitled "Claim to Relief from Danish Dividend Tax," which was a SKAT-issued form identifying, among other things, the U.S. pension plan claiming the refund and the amount of the refund claim;
 - b. A "tax voucher" (also known as a "credit advice") describing, among other things, the U.S. pension plan's shareholdings, the amount of the dividend received by the U.S. pension plan, and the amount of dividend tax withheld;
 - c. A statement from the IRS certifying the U.S. pension plan's tax-exempt status; and
 - d. A signed power of attorney from the U.S. pension plan's representative authorizing a designated payment agent to submit the withholding tax refund form on behalf of the claimant.
- 12. SKAT routinely refunded dividend-withholding taxes that included the Supporting Documentation. Upon information and belief, SKAT did so pursuant to its own policies and procedures and the requirements of the U.S.-Denmark Tax Treaty.
- 13. In 2014 and 2015, the PAB Plan submitted seventeen dividend-withholding-tax refund claims to SKAT through Goal TaxBack Limited ("Goal TaxBack") in relation to the dividends net of withholding tax that the PAB Plan received based on its holding and ownership of stock in Danish companies on the dates necessary to be paid those dividends.

- 14. Old Park Lane Capital PLC ("Old Park Lane") and Telesto Markets LLP ("Telesto"), the PAB Plan's brokers and custodians, provided tax vouchers for each of the PAB Plan's withholding-tax refund claims.
- 15. For all the PAB Plan's withholding-tax refund claims, the PAB Plan relied upon its Old Park Lane and Telesto and reasonably believed that Old Park Lane and Telesto would only create legitimate records of the PAB Plan's shareholding, dividend receipts, and withheld taxes.
- 16. SKAT refunded dividend-withholding taxes to the PAB Plan for one of the seventeen refund applications submitted on behalf of the PAB Plan.
- 17. In August 2015, however, SKAT stopped paying dividend-withholding tax refund requests, even those that contained the required Supporting Documentation.
- 18. At the time, sixteen dividend-withholding tax refund claims submitted to SKAT by Goal TaxBack on behalf of the PAB Plan remained pending (the "Unpaid Refunds").
- 19. Upon information and belief, at this time, there was no change to Denmark's tax laws, policies and treaties, including the method and manner in which applicants would receive refunds after submission of the Supporting Documentation to SKAT.
- 20. Upon information and belief, SKAT did not assert any changes in requirements for the Supporting Documentation.
- 21. Upon information and belief, due to mounting public and political pressure in Denmark concerning dividend arbitrage, which led to the firing of SKAT's director general in 2016, SKAT refused to abide by the U.S.-Denmark Tax Treaty and retaliated against the PAB Plan and other similarly-situated U.S. pension plans by withholding payment of pending dividend-withholding tax refund claims submitted to SKAT.

C. SKAT wrongfully refuses to process the unpaid claims and owes the PAB Plan withheld dividend taxes.

- 22. Novozymes A/S-B ("Novozymes"), a Danish company, announced its intention to issue dividend payments to its shareholders, with a record date of February 27, 2015 and a pay date of March 2, 2015.
- 23. On February 27, 2015, which was the applicable dividend record date for Novozymes, the PAB Plan, through its brokerage account with Telesto, held and owned 808,026 shares.
- 24. For the February 2015 Novozymes dividend payment, Novozymes paid DKK 3.00 for each share held and owned by its shareholders, including the PAB Plan.
- 25. On information and belief, in accordance with Danish tax law, Novozymes withheld and paid to SKAT 27% of the total dividend owed to the PAB Plan.
- 26. The PAB Plan, through its brokerage account with Telesto, received DKK 1,769,576.94, which, to its knowledge and belief and according to information provided to the PAB Plan, constituted the dividend payment owed to the PAB Plan for its holding and ownership of 808,026 shares of Novozymes on February 27, 2015 net the applicable 27% dividend-withholding tax.
- 27. The 27% dividend-withholding tax in relation to the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 808,026 shares of Novozymes on February 27, 2015 was DKK 654,501.06, which, as of February 3, 2020 equals approximately USD \$96,963.12 (the "Novozymes Refund").²

This conversion is based on an exchange rate of 1.00 USD to 6.75 DKK, which, upon information and belief is the exchange rate on February 3, 2020.

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- 28. On information and belief, SKAT received at least the amount of the Novozymes Refund from Novozymes in the form of dividend-withholding taxes in connection with Novozymes's February 2015 dividend payment to the PAB Plan.
- 29. Telesto confirmed the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 808,026 shares of Novozymes over the dividend date with a credit advice (the "Novozymes Credit Advice") that Telesto provided to the PAB Plan.
- 30. The Novozymes Credit Advice also described the PAB Plan's receipt of the dividend and the withholding tax suffered in relation to the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 808,026 shares of Novozymes.
- 31. Shortly after Telesto issued the Novozymes Credit Advice, Goal TaxBack submitted a dividend-withholding tax refund application for the Novozymes Refund on the PAB Plan's behalf.
- 32. TDC A/S ("TDC"), a Danish company, announced its intention to issue dividend payments to its shareholders, with a record date of March 9, 2015 and a pay date of March 10, 2015.
- 33. On March 9, 2015, which was the applicable dividend record date for TDC, the PAB Plan, through its brokerage account with Telesto, held and owned 3,216,542 shares.
- 34. For the March 2015 TDC dividend payment, TDC paid DKK 1.00 for each share held and owned by its shareholders, including the PAB Plan.
- 35. On information and belief, in accordance with Danish tax law, TDC withheld and paid to SKAT 27% of the total dividend owed to the PAB Plan.
- 36. The PAB Plan, through its brokerage account with Telesto, received DKK 2,348,075.66, which, to its knowledge and belief and according to information provided to the

PAB Plan, constituted the dividend payment owed to the PAB Plan for its holding and ownership of 3,216,542 shares of TDC on March 9, 2015 net the applicable 27% dividend-withholding tax.

- 37. The 27% dividend-withholding tax in relation to the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 3,216,542 shares of TDC on March 9, 2015 was DKK 868,466.34, which, as of February 3, 2020 equals approximately USD \$128,661.68 (the "March TDC Refund").
- 38. Upon information and belief, SKAT received at least the amount of the March TDC Refund from TDC in the form of dividend-withholding taxes in connection with TDC's March 2015 dividend payment to the PAB Plan.
- 39. Telesto confirmed the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 3,216,542 shares of TDC over the dividend date with a credit advice (the "March TDC Credit Advice") that Telesto provided to the PAB Plan.
- 40. The March TDC Credit Advice also described the PAB Plan's receipt of the dividend and the withholding tax suffered in relation to the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 3,216,542 shares of TDC.
- 41. Shortly after Telesto issued the March TDC Credit Advice, Goal TaxBack submitted a dividend-withholding tax refund application for the March TDC Refund on the PAB Plan's behalf.
- 42. DSV A/S ("DSV"), a Danish company, announced its intention to issue dividend payments to its shareholders, with a record date of March 16, 2015 and a pay date of March 17, 2015.
- 43. On March 16, 2015, which was the applicable dividend record date for DSV, the PAB Plan, through its brokerage account with Telesto, held and owned 760,195 shares.

- 44. For the March 2015 DSV dividend payment, DSV paid DKK 1.60 for each share held and owned by its shareholders, including the PAB Plan.
- 45. On information and belief, in accordance with Danish tax law, DSV withheld and paid to SKAT 27% of the total dividend owed to the PAB Plan.
- 46. The PAB Plan, through its brokerage account with Telesto, received DKK 887,907.76, which, to its knowledge and belief and according to information provided to the PAB Plan, constituted the dividend payment owed to the PAB Plan for its holding and ownership of 760,195 shares of DSV on March 16, 2015 net the applicable 27% dividend-withholding tax.
- 47. The 27% dividend-withholding tax in relation to the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 760,195 shares of DSV on March 16, 2015 was DKK 328,404.24, which, as of February 3, 2020 equals approximately USD \$48,652.48 (the "DSV Refund").
- 48. On information and belief, SKAT received at least the amount of the DSV Refund from DSV in the form of dividend-withholding taxes in connection with DSV's March 2015 dividend payment to the PAB Plan.
- 49. Telesto confirmed the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 760,195 shares of DSV over the dividend date with a credit advice (the "DSV Credit Advice") that Telesto provided to the PAB Plan.
- 50. The DSV Credit Advice also described the PAB Plan's receipt of the dividend and the withholding tax suffered in relation to the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 760,195 shares of DSV.
- 51. Shortly after Telesto issued the DSV Credit Advice, Goal TaxBack submitted a dividend-withholding tax refund application for the DSV Refund on the PAB Plan's behalf.

- 52. Pandora A/S ("Pandora"), a Danish company, announced its intention to issue dividend payments to its shareholders, with a record date of March 20, 2015 and a pay date of March 23, 2015.
- 53. On March 20, 2015, which was the applicable dividend record date for Pandora, the PAB Plan, through its brokerage account with Telesto, held and owned 471,902 shares.
- 54. For the March 2015 Pandora dividend payment, Pandora paid DKK 9.00 for each share held and owned by its shareholders, including the PAB Plan.
- 55. On information and belief, in accordance with Danish tax law, Pandora withheld and paid to SKAT 27% of the total dividend owed to the PAB Plan.
- 56. The PAB Plan, through its brokerage account with Telesto, received DKK 3,100,396.14, which, to its knowledge and belief and according to information provided to the PAB Plan, constituted the dividend payment owed to the PAB Plan for its holding and ownership of 471,902 shares of Pandora on March 20, 2015 net the applicable 27% dividend-withholding tax.
- 57. The 27% dividend-withholding tax in relation to the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 471,902 shares of Pandora on March 20, 2015 was DKK 1,146,721.86, which, as of February 3, 2020 equals approximately USD \$169,884.72 (the "Pandora Refund").
- 58. On information and belief, SKAT received at least the amount of the Pandora Refund from Pandora in the form of dividend-withholding taxes in connection with Pandora's March 2015 dividend payment to the PAB Plan.
- 59. Telesto confirmed the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 471,902 shares of Pandora over the dividend date with a credit advice (the "Pandora Credit Advice") that Telesto provided to the PAB Plan.

- 60. The Pandora Credit Advice also described the PAB Plan's receipt of the dividend and the withholding tax suffered in relation to the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 471,902 shares of Pandora.
- 61. Shortly after Telesto issued the Pandora Credit Advice, Goal TaxBack submitted a dividend-withholding tax refund application for the Pandora Refund on the PAB Plan's behalf.
- 62. Danske Bank A/S ("Danske Bank"), a Danish company, announced its intention to issue dividend payments to its shareholders, with a record date of March 20, 2015 and a pay date of March 23, 2015.
- 63. On March 20, 2015, which was the applicable dividend record date for Danske Bank, the PAB Plan, through its brokerage account with Telesto, held and owned 3,426,090 shares.
- 64. For the March 2015 Danske Bank dividend payment, Danske Bank paid DKK 5.50 for each share held and owned by its shareholders, including the PAB Plan.
- 65. On information and belief, in accordance with Danish tax law, Danske Bank withheld and paid to SKAT 27% of the total dividend owed to the PAB Plan.
- 66. The PAB Plan, through its brokerage account with Telesto, received DKK 13,755,751.35, which, to its knowledge and belief and according to information provided to the PAB Plan, constituted the dividend payment owed to the PAB Plan for its holding and ownership of 3,426,090 shares of Danske Bank on March 20, 2015 net the applicable 27% dividend-withholding tax.
- 67. The 27% dividend-withholding tax in relation to the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 3,426,090 shares of Danske Bank on March 20, 2015 was DKK 5,087,743.65, which, as of February 3, 2020 equals approximately USD \$753,739.80 (the "Danske Bank Refund").

- 68. On information and belief, SKAT received at least the amount of the Danske Bank Refund from Danske Bank in the form of dividend-withholding taxes in connection with Danske Bank's March 2015 dividend payment to the PAB Plan.
- 69. Telesto confirmed the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 3,426,090 shares of Danske Bank over the dividend date with a credit advice (the "Danske Bank Credit Advice") that Telesto provided to the PAB Plan.
- 70. The Danske Bank Credit Advice also described the PAB Plan's receipt of the dividend and the withholding tax suffered in relation to the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 3,426,090 shares of Danske Bank.
- 71. Shortly after Telesto issued the Danske Bank Credit Advice, Goal TaxBack submitted a dividend-withholding tax refund application for the Danske Bank Refund on the PAB Plan's behalf.
- 72. Novo Nordisk A/S B ("NOVOB"), a Danish company, announced its intention to issue dividend payments to its shareholders, with a record date of March 23, 2015 and a pay date of March 24, 2015.
- 73. On March 23, 2015, which was the applicable dividend record date for NOVOB, the PAB Plan, through its brokerage account with Telesto, held and owned 6,052,448 shares.
- 74. For the March 2015 NOVOB dividend payment, NOVOB paid DKK 5.00 for each share held and owned by its shareholders, including the PAB Plan.
- 75. On information and belief, in accordance with Danish tax law, NOVOB withheld and paid to SKAT 27% of the total dividend owed to the PAB Plan.
- 76. The PAB Plan, through its brokerage account with Telesto, received DKK 22,091,435.20, which, to its knowledge and belief and according to information provided to the

PAB Plan, constituted the dividend payment owed to the PAB Plan for its holding and ownership of 6,052,448 shares of NOVOB on March 23, 2015 net the applicable 27% dividend-withholding tax.

- 77. The 27% dividend-withholding tax in relation to the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 6,052,448 shares of NOVOB on March 23, 2015 was DKK 8,170,804.80, which, as of February 3, 2020 equals approximately USD \$1,120,489.60 (the "NOVOB Refund").
- 78. On information and belief, SKAT received at least the amount of the NOVOB Refund from NOVOB in the form of dividend-withholding taxes in connection with NOVOB's March 2015 dividend payment to the PAB Plan.
- 79. Telesto confirmed the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 6,052,448 shares of NOVOB over the dividend date with a credit advice (the "NOVOB Credit Advice") that Telesto provided to the PAB Plan.
- 80. The NOVOB Credit Advice also described the PAB Plan's receipt of the dividend and the withholding tax suffered in relation to the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 6,052,448 shares of NOVOB.
- 81. Shortly after Telesto issued the NOVOB Credit Advice, Goal TaxBack submitted a dividend-withholding tax refund application for the NOVOB Refund on the PAB Plan's behalf.
- 82. GN Store Nord A/S ("GN"), a Danish company, announced its intention to issue dividend payments to its shareholders, with a record date of March 23, 2015 and a pay date of March 24, 2015.
- 83. On March 23, 2015, which was the applicable dividend record date for GN, the PAB Plan, through its brokerage account with Telesto, held and owned 568,142 shares.

- 84. For the March 2015 GN dividend payment, GN paid DKK 0.90 for each share held and owned by its shareholders, including the PAB Plan.
- 85. On information and belief, in accordance with Danish tax law, GN withheld and paid to SKAT 27% of the total dividend owed to the PAB Plan.
- 86. The PAB Plan, through its brokerage account with Telesto, received DKK 373,269.29, which, to its knowledge and belief and according to information provided to the PAB Plan, constituted the dividend payment owed to the PAB Plan for its holding and ownership of 568,142 shares of GN on March 23, 2015 net the applicable 27% dividend-withholding tax.
- 87. The 27% dividend-withholding tax in relation to the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 568,142 shares of GN on March 23, 2015 was DKK 138,058.51, which, as of February 3, 2020 equals approximately USD \$20,453.11 (the "GN Refund").
- 88. On information and belief, SKAT received at least the amount of the GN Refund from GN in the form of dividend-withholding taxes in connection with GN's March 2015 dividend payment to the PAB Plan.
- 89. Telesto confirmed the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 568,142 GN shares over the dividend date with a credit advice (the "GN Credit Advice") that Telesto provided to the PAB Plan.
- 90. The GN Credit Advice also described the PAB Plan's receipt of the dividend and the withholding tax suffered in relation to the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 568,142 shares of GN.
- 91. Shortly after Telesto issued the GN Credit Advice, Goal TaxBack submitted a dividend-withholding tax refund application for the GN Refund on the PAB Plan's behalf.

- 92. Tryg A/S ("Tryg"), a Danish company, announced its intention to issue dividend payments to its shareholders, with a record date of March 27, 2015 and a pay date of March 30, 2015.
- 93. On March 27, 2015, which was the applicable Tryg dividend record date, the PAB Plan, through its brokerage account with Telesto, held and owned 34,549 shares.
- 94. For the March 2015 dividend payment for Tryg, Tryg paid DKK 29.00 for each share held and owned by its shareholders, including the PAB Plan.
- 95. On information and belief, in accordance with Danish tax law, Tryg withheld and paid to SKAT 27% of the total dividend owed to the PAB Plan.
- 96. The PAB Plan, through its brokerage account with Telesto, received DKK 731,402.33, which, to its knowledge and belief and according to information provided to the PAB Plan, constituted the dividend payment owed to the PAB Plan for its holding and ownership of 34,549 shares of Tryg on March 27, 2015 net the applicable 27% dividend-withholding tax.
- 97. The 27% dividend-withholding tax in relation to the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 34,549 shares of Tryg on March 27, 2015 was DKK 270,518.67, which, as of February 3, 2020 equals approximately USD \$40,076.84 (the "Tryg Refund").
- 98. On information and belief, SKAT received at least the amount of the Tryg Refund from Tryg in the form of dividend-withholding taxes in connection with Tryg's March 2015 dividend payment to the PAB Plan.
- 99. Telesto confirmed the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 34,549 shares of Tryg over the dividend date with a credit advice (the "Tryg Credit Advice") that Telesto provided to the PAB Plan.

- 100. The Tryg Credit Advice also described the PAB Plan's receipt of the dividend and the withholding tax suffered in relation to the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 34,549 shares of Tryg.
- 101. Shortly after Telesto issued the Tryg Credit Advice, Goal TaxBack submitted a dividend-withholding tax refund application for the Tryg Refund on the PAB Plan's behalf.
- 102. Carlsberg A/S-B ("Carlsberg"), a Danish company, announced its intention to issue dividend payments to its shareholders, with a record date of March 30, 2015 and a pay date of March 31, 2015.
- 103. On March 30, 2015, which was the applicable dividend record date for Carlsberg, the PAB Plan, through its brokerage account with Telesto, held and owned 178,232 shares.
- 104. For the March 2015 Carlsberg dividend payment, Carlsberg paid DKK 9.00 for each share held and owned by its shareholders, including the PAB Plan.
- 105. On information and belief, in accordance with Danish tax law, Carlsberg withheld and paid to SKAT 27% of the total dividend owed to the PAB Plan.
- 106. The PAB Plan, through its brokerage account with Telesto, received DKK 1,170,984.24, which, to its knowledge and belief and according to information provided to the PAB Plan, constituted the dividend payment owed to the PAB Plan for its holding and ownership of 178,232 shares of Carlsberg on March 30, 2015 net the applicable 27% dividend-withholding tax.
- 107. The 27% dividend-withholding tax in relation to the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 178,232 shares of Carlsberg on March 30, 2015 was DKK 433,103.76, which, as of February 3, 2020 equals approximately USD \$64,163.52 (the "Carlsberg Refund").

- 108. On information and belief, SKAT received at least the amount of the Carlsberg Refund from Carlsberg in the form of dividend-withholding taxes in connection with Carlsberg's March 2015 dividend payment to the PAB Plan.
- 109. Telesto confirmed the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 178,232 Carlsberg shares over the dividend date with a credit advice (the "Carlsberg Credit Advice") that Telesto provided to the PAB Plan.
- 110. The Carlsberg Credit Advice also described the PAB Plan's receipt of the dividend and the withholding tax suffered in relation to the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 178,232 shares of Carlsberg.
- 111. Shortly after Telesto issued the Carlsberg Credit Advice, Goal TaxBack submitted a dividend-withholding tax refund application for the Carlsberg Refund on the PAB Plan's behalf.
- 112. FLSmidth & Co. A/S ("FLS"), a Danish company, announced its intention to issue dividend payments to its shareholders, with a record date of March 30, 2015 and a pay date of March 31, 2015.
- 113. On March 30, 2015, which was the applicable dividend record date for FLS, the PAB Plan, through its brokerage account with Telesto, held and owned 80,102 shares.
- 114. For the March 2015 FLS dividend payment, FLS paid DKK 9.00 for each share held and owned by its shareholders, including the PAB Plan.
- 115. On information and belief, in accordance with Danish tax law, FLS withheld and paid to SKAT 27% of the total dividend owed to the PAB Plan.
- 116. The PAB Plan, through its brokerage account with Telesto, received DKK 526,270.14, which, to its knowledge and belief and according to information provided to the PAB

Plan, constituted the dividend payment owed to the PAB Plan for its holding and ownership of 80,102 shares of FLS on March 30, 2015 net the applicable 27% dividend-withholding tax.

- 117. The 27% dividend-withholding tax in relation to the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 80,102 shares of FLS on March 30, 2015 was DKK 194,647.86, which, as of February 3, 2020 equals approximately USD \$28,836.72 (the "FLS Refund").
- 118. On information and belief, SKAT received at least the amount of the FLS Refund from FLS in the form of dividend-withholding taxes in connection with FLS's March 2015 dividend payment to the PAB Plan.
- 119. Telesto confirmed the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 80,102 shares of FLS over the dividend date with a credit advice (the "FLS Credit Advice") that Telesto provided to the PAB Plan.
- 120. The FLS Credit Advice also described the PAB Plan's receipt of the dividend and the withholding tax suffered in relation to the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 80,102 shares of FLS.
- 121. Shortly after Telesto issued the FLS Credit Advice, Goal TaxBack submitted a dividend-withholding tax refund application for the FLS Refund on the PAB Plan's behalf.
- 122. AP Moeller-Maersk A/S A ("MAERSKA"), a Danish company, announced its intention to issue dividend payments to its shareholders, with a record date of April 1, 2015 and a pay date of April 7, 2015.
- 123. On April 1, 2015, which was the applicable dividend record date for MAERSKA, the PAB Plan, through its brokerage account with Telesto, held and owned 7,852 shares.
- 124. For the April 2015 MAERSKA dividend payment, MAERSKA paid DKK 1,971.00 for each share held and owned by its shareholders, including the PAB Plan.

- 125. On information and belief, in accordance with Danish tax law, MAERSKA withheld and paid to SKAT 27% of the total dividend owed to the PAB Plan.
- 126. The PAB Plan, through its brokerage account with Telesto, received DKK 11,297,693.16, which, to its knowledge and belief and according to information provided to the PAB Plan, constituted the dividend payment owed to the PAB Plan for its holding and ownership of 7,852 shares of MAERSKA on April 1, 2015 net the applicable 27% dividend-withholding tax.
- 127. The 27% dividend-withholding tax in relation to the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 7,852 shares of MAERSKA on April 1, 2015 was DKK 4,178,598.84, which, as of February 3, 2020 equals approximately USD \$619,051.68 (the "MAERSKA Refund").
- 128. On information and belief, SKAT received at least the amount of the MAERSKA Refund from MAERSKA in the form of dividend-withholding taxes in connection with MAERSKA's April 2015 dividend payment to the PAB Plan.
- 129. Telesto confirmed the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 7,852 shares of MAERSKA over the dividend date with a credit advice (the "MAERSKA Credit Advice") that Telesto provided to the PAB Plan.
- 130. The MAERSKA Credit Advice also described the PAB Plan's receipt of the dividend and the withholding tax suffered in relation to the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 7,852 shares of MAERSKA.
- 131. Shortly after Telesto issued the MAERSKA Credit Advice, Goal TaxBack submitted a dividend-withholding tax refund application for the MAERSKA Refund on the PAB Plan's behalf.

- 132. AP Moeller-Maersk A/S B ("MAERSKB"), a Danish company, announced its intention to issue dividend payments to its shareholders, with a record date of April 1, 2015 and a pay date of April 7, 2015.
- 133. On April 1, 2015, which was the applicable dividend record date for MAERSKB, the PAB Plan, through its brokerage account with Telesto, held and owned 7,867 shares.
- 134. For the April 2015 MAERSKB dividend payment, MAERSKB paid DKK 1,971.00 for each share held and owned by its shareholders, including the PAB Plan.
- 135. On information and belief, in accordance with Danish tax law, MAERSKB withheld and paid to SKAT 27% of the total dividend owed to the PAB Plan.
- 136. The PAB Plan, through its brokerage account with Telesto, received DKK 11,319,275.61, which, to its knowledge and belief and according to information provided to the PAB Plan, constituted the dividend payment owed to the PAB Plan for its holding and ownership of 7,867 shares of MAERSKB on April 1, 2015 net the applicable 27% dividend-withholding tax.
- 137. The 27% dividend-withholding tax in relation to the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 7,867 shares of MAERSKB on April 1, 2015 was DKK 4,186,581.39, which, as of February 3, 2020 equals approximately USD \$620,234.28 (the "MAERSKB Refund").
- 138. On information and belief, SKAT received at least the amount of the MAERSKB Refund from MAERSKB in the form of dividend-withholding taxes in connection with MAERSKB's April 2015 dividend payment to the PAB Plan.
- 139. Telesto confirmed the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 7,867 shares of MAERSKB over the dividend date with a credit advice (the "MAERSKB Credit Advice") that Telesto provided to the PAB Plan.

- 140. The MAERSKB Credit Advice also described the PAB Plan's receipt of the dividend and the withholding tax suffered in relation to the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 7,867 shares of MAERSKB.
- 141. Shortly after Telesto issued the MAERSKB Credit Advice, Goal TaxBack submitted a dividend-withholding tax refund application for the MAERSKB Refund on the PAB Plan's behalf.
- 142. Vestas Wind Systems A/S ("Vestas"), a Danish company, announced its intention to issue dividend payments to its shareholders, with a record date of April 1, 2015 and a pay date of April 7, 2015.
- 143. On April 1, 2015, which was the applicable dividend record date for vestas, the PAB Plan, through its brokerage account with Telesto, held and owned 375,378 shares.
- 144. For the April 2015 Vestas dividend payment, Vestas paid DKK 3.90 for each share held and owned by its shareholders, including the PAB Plan.
- 145. On information and belief, in accordance with Danish tax law, Vestas withheld and paid to SKAT 27% of the total dividend owed to the PAB Plan.
- 146. The PAB Plan, through its brokerage account with Telesto, received DKK 1,068,701.17, which, to its knowledge and belief and according to information provided to the PAB Plan, constituted the dividend payment owed to the PAB Plan for its holding and ownership of 375,378 shares of Vestas on April 1, 2015 net the applicable 27% dividend-withholding tax.
- 147. The 27% dividend-withholding tax in relation to the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 375,378 shares of Vestas on April 1, 2015 was DKK 395,273.03, which, as of February 3, 2020 equals approximately USD \$58,558.97 (the "Vestas Refund").

- 148. On information and belief, SKAT received at least the amount of the Vestas Refund from Vestas in the form of dividend-withholding taxes in connection with Vestas's April 2015 dividend payment to the PAB Plan.
- 149. Telesto confirmed the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 375,378 shares of Vestas over the dividend date with a credit advice (the "Vestas Credit Advice") that Telesto provided to the PAB Plan.
- 150. The Vestas Credit Advice also described the PAB Plan's receipt of the dividend and the withholding tax suffered in relation to the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 375,378 shares of Vestas.
- 151. Shortly after Telesto issued the Vestas Credit Advice, Goal TaxBack submitted a dividend-withholding tax refund application for the Vestas Refund on the PAB Plan's behalf.
- 152. Coloplast A/S B ("Coloplast"), a Danish company, announced its intention to issue dividend payments to its shareholders, with a record date of May 8, 2015 and a pay date of May 11, 2015.
- 153. On May 8, 2015, which was the applicable dividend record date for Coloplast, the PAB Plan, through its brokerage account with Telesto, held and owned 290,507 shares.
- 154. For the May 2015 Coloplast dividend payment, Coloplast paid DKK 4.50 for each share held and owned by its shareholders, including the PAB Plan.
- 155. On information and belief, in accordance with Danish tax law, Coloplast withheld and paid to SKAT 27% of the total dividend owed to the PAB Plan.
- 156. The PAB Plan, through its brokerage account with Telesto, received DKK 954,315.50, which, to its knowledge and belief and according to information provided to the PAB

Plan, constituted the dividend payment owed to the PAB Plan for its holding and ownership of 290,507 shares of Coloplast on May 8, 2015 net the applicable 27% dividend-withholding tax.

- 157. The 27% dividend-withholding tax in relation to the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 290,507 shares of Coloplast on May 8, 2015 was DKK 352,966.00, which, as of February 3, 2020 equals approximately USD \$52,291.26 (the "Coloplast Refund").
- 158. On information and belief, SKAT received at least the amount of the Coloplast Refund from Coloplast in the form of dividend-withholding taxes in connection with Coloplast's May 2015 dividend payment to the PAB Plan.
- 159. Telesto confirmed the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 290,507 shares of Coloplast over the dividend date with a credit advice (the "Coloplast Credit Advice") that Telesto provided to the PAB Plan.
- 160. The Coloplast Credit Advice also described the PAB Plan's receipt of the dividend and the withholding tax suffered in relation to the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 290,507 shares of Coloplast.
- 161. Shortly after Telesto issued the Coloplast Credit Advice, Goal TaxBack submitted a dividend-withholding tax refund application for the Coloplast Refund on the PAB Plan's behalf.
- 162. Auriga Industries A/S ("Auriga"), a Danish company, announced its intention to issue dividend payments to its shareholders, with a record date of June 15, 2015 and a pay date of June 16, 2015.
- 163. On June 15, 2015, which was the applicable dividend record date for Auriga, the PAB Plan, through its brokerage account with Telesto, held and owned 30,164 shares.
- 164. For the June 2015 Auriga dividend payment, Auriga paid DKK 323.00 for each share held and owned by its shareholders, including the PAB Plan.

- 165. On information and belief, in accordance with Danish tax law, Auriga withheld and paid to SKAT 27% of the total dividend owed to the PAB Plan.
- 166. The PAB Plan, through its brokerage account with Telesto, received DKK 7,112,369.56, which, to its knowledge and belief and according to information provided to the PAB Plan, constituted the dividend payment owed to the PAB Plan for its holding and ownership of 30,164 shares of Auriga on June 15, 2015 net the applicable 27% dividend-withholding tax.
- 167. The 27% dividend-withholding tax in relation to the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 30,164 shares of Auriga on June 15, 2015 was DKK 2,630,602.44, which, as of February 3, 2020 equals approximately USD \$389,718.88 (the "Auriga Refund").
- 168. On information and belief, SKAT received at least the amount of the Auriga Refund from Auriga in the form of dividend-withholding taxes in connection with Auriga's June 2015 dividend payment to the PAB Plan.
- 169. Telesto confirmed the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 30,164 shares of Auriga over the dividend date with a credit advice (the "Auriga Credit Advice") that Telesto provided to the PAB Plan.
- 170. The Auriga Credit Advice also described the PAB Plan's receipt of the dividend and the withholding tax suffered in relation to the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 30,164 shares Auriga.
- 171. Shortly after Telesto issued the Auriga Credit Advice, Goal TaxBack submitted a dividend-withholding tax refund application for the Auriga Refund on the PAB Plan's behalf.
- 172. TDC announced its intention to issue dividend payments to its shareholders, with a record date of August 11, 2015 and a pay date of August 12, 2015.

- 173. On August 11, 2015, which was the applicable dividend record date for TDC, the PAB Plan, through its brokerage account with Telesto, held and owned 1,074,921 shares.
- 174. For the August 2015 TDC dividend payment, TDC paid DKK 1.00 for each share held and owned by its shareholders, including the PAB Plan.
- 175. On information and belief, in accordance with Danish tax law, TDC withheld and paid to SKAT 27% of the total dividend owed to the PAB Plan.
- 176. The PAB Plan, through its brokerage account with Telesto, received DKK 784,692.33, which, to its knowledge and belief and according to information provided to the PAB Plan, constituted the dividend payment owed to the PAB Plan for its holding and ownership of 1,074,921 shares of TDC on August 11, 2015 net the applicable 27% dividend-withholding tax.
- 177. The 27% dividend-withholding tax in relation to the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 1,074,921 shares of TDC on August 9, 2015 was DKK 290,228.67, which, as of February 3, 2020 equals approximately USD \$42,996.84 (the "August TDC Refund").
- 178. Upon information and belief, SKAT received at least the amount of the August TDC Refund from TDC in the form of dividend-withholding taxes in connection with TDC's August 2015 dividend payment to the PAB Plan.
- 179. Telesto confirmed the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 1,074,921 shares of TDC over the dividend date with a credit advice (the "August TDC Credit Advice") that Telesto provided to the PAB Plan.
- 180. The August TDC Credit Advice also described the PAB Plan's receipt of the dividend and the withholding tax suffered in relation to the PAB Plan's holding and ownership of 1,074,921 shares of TDC.

- 181. Shortly after Telesto issued the August TDC Credit Advice, Goal TaxBack submitted a dividend-withholding tax refund application for the August TDC Refund on the PAB Plan's behalf.
- 182. The information in the applications submitted to SKAT by Goal TaxBack in support of the Unpaid Refunds was, to the best of the PAB Plan's knowledge, truthful and accurate and provided sufficient information for SKAT to pay the Unpaid Refunds.
- 183. Upon information and belief, there was no change to Denmark's tax laws, policies, and treaties during this time, including the method and manner in which SKAT would review and approve dividend-withholding tax refund requests.
- 184. Upon information and belief, SKAT did not inform the PAB Plan and other similarly-situated U.S. pension plans of any changes in the method and manner in which dividend-withholding-tax refund requests would be reviewed and approved.
- 185. Upon information and belief, SKAT has not made the determination that the PAB Plan is not entitled to the sixteen-pending dividend-withholding refund claims submitted to SKAT by Goal TaxBack on behalf of the PAB Plan.
- 186. Nevertheless, despite SKAT's prior course of conduct and its practices, policies, and procedures, SKAT penalized the PAB Plan by refusing to pay the Unpaid Refunds to the PAB Plan.
- 187. Upon information and belief, SKAT acted in in contravention of the U.S.-Denmark
 Tax Treaty due to mounting public and political pressure in Denmark.
- 188. SKAT continues to knowingly possess the Unpaid Refunds and refuses to pay the Unpaid Refunds to the PAB Plan.

189. Upon information and belief, SKAT has not paid any dividend withholding-tax claims to anyone in accordance with the U.S.-Denmark Tax Treaty since before August 2015.

COUNT 1

Unjust Enrichment

- 190. The PAB Plan repeats and realleges paragraphs 1 through 189 of its counterclaims as though set forth fully herein.
- 191. The PAB Plan is entitled to the Unpaid Refunds pursuant to the U.S.-Denmark Tax Treaty.
- 192. SKAT knowingly possesses and refuses to pay the Unpaid Refunds in contravention of the U.S.-Denmark Tax Treaty.
- 193. By retaining and confiscating the Unpaid Refunds to which the PAB Plan is entitled, SKAT has been unjustly enriched.
 - 194. The PAB Plan has suffered a loss because of SKAT's unjust enrichment.
- 195. SKAT is liable to account and pay to the PAB Plan the Unpaid Refunds, plus interest.

COUNT II

Promissory Estoppel

- 196. The PAB Plan repeats and realleges paragraphs 1 through 195 of its counterclaims as though set forth fully herein.
- 197. SKAT created the process by which it would receive, review, and either deny or accept applications for dividend-withholding taxes pursuant to the U.S.-Denmark Tax Treaty.
- 198. Pursuant to that process, and as evidenced by SKAT's prior course of conduct, its practices, policies, and procedures and in accordance with the U.S.-Denmark Tax Treaty SKAT

promised to pay all dividend-withholding tax refund requests that were supported by what it deemed to be sufficient Supporting Documentation.

- 199. SKAT should and, upon information and belief, did reasonably expect its promises to induce the PAB Plan and other similarly-situated U.S. pension plans to (i) invest in Danish companies issuing dividends and (ii) submit withholding-tax refund claims with sufficient Supporting Documentation.
- 200. Upon information and belief, SKAT did not inform the PAB Plan and other similarly-situated U.S. pension plans of any changes in the method and manner that all dividend-withholding tax refunds requests would be reviewed and approved.
- 201. The PAB Plan acted with prudence and in reasonable reliance on SKAT's promise and invested in a number of Danish securities in 2014 and 2015 through its accounts with Old Park Lane and Telesto.
- 202. The PAB Plan further acted with prudence and in reasonable reliance on SKAT's promises and, with the assistance of Old Park Lane, Telesto and Goal TaxBack, provided SKAT with sufficient Supporting Documentation for the Unpaid Refunds.
- 203. SKAT should have known and, upon information and belief, in fact knew that the PAB Plan had relied on SKAT's promise.
- 204. At the time of the PAB Plan's Unpaid Refund claims, SKAT, upon information and belief, knew all important and material facts concerning the PAB Plan's refund claims, including that (i) the U.S.-Denmark Tax Treaty allowed U.S. pension plans to recover dividend-withholding tax; (ii) its own practices, policies, and procedures only required the submission of the Supporting Documentation; and (iii) based on the Supporting Documentation, the PAB Plan held and owned

shares of Danish companies on the applicable record dates, that the PAB Plan received dividends net withholding tax, and that the PAB Plan is entitled to the Unpaid Refunds.

- 205. SKAT failed to fulfill its promise by failing to pay the Unpaid Refunds to the PAB Plan.
- 206. Because of the PAB Plan's reliance on SKAT's promise and SKAT's failure to pay the Unpaid Refunds, it has been damaged at least in the amount of the Unpaid Refunds, plus interest.

JURY DEMAND

The PAB Plan demands a jury trial on all issues so triable.

REQUEST FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, the Lerner Defendants respectfully request that this Court enter judgment as follows:

- A. Dismissing the Amended Complaint with prejudice;
- B. Enter judgment in favor of the PAB Plan on its counterclaims against SKAT;
- C. Award the PAB Plan the amount it was damaged and/or to which it is entitled, including but not limited to, the Unpaid Refund, together with pre-judgment interest, fees, costs, and expenses;
- D. Award the Lerner Defendants their attorneys' fees and costs; and
- E. Grant such other relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

Dated: July 3, 2020

New York New York

Respectfully submitted,

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